Name: Datum:

Question Tag Memory

Statements and question tags: find the pairs

1 Question tag memory. Cut out the 16 cards. Find the pairs: a statement (●) and the matching question tag (■). Play memory with a partner or match all cards alone.

Jede Aussage passt zu genau einem Frageanhängsel.

✂ Cut along the dashed lines.

● She can swim,	● Tom plays chess,	■ hasn't he?	■ can't she?
■ aren't I?	■ shall we?	● You're from Leeds,	● They didn't call,
● It isn't cold today,	■ did they?	● He has finished his homework,	● Let's go to the cinema,
■ aren't you?	■ is it?	● I'm right,	■ doesn't he?

RULES

positive statement → **negative** tag: *He is nice, isn't he?* · **negative** statement → **positive** tag: *You don't like fish, do you?* · no auxiliary? → **do / does / did**: *Your dad works in London, doesn't he?*

2 Complete the dialogue with question tags.

Ann: This is your bag, _____

Max: You didn't see my keys, _____

Ann: We should hurry, _____

Max: Your brother will come too, _____

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Question Tag Memory – Lösung

Die acht Paare

statement ●	question tag ■	Warum?
You're from Leeds,	**aren't you?**	you are → aren't you
She can swim,	**can't she?**	can → can't
They didn't call,	**did they?**	didn't → did (verneinte Aussage, positives Tag)
He has finished his homework,	**hasn't he?**	has → hasn't
It isn't cold today,	**is it?**	isn't → is
Tom plays chess,	**doesn't he?**	plays (simple present, kein Hilfsverb) → doesn't
I'm right,	**aren't I?**	Sonderfall: I am → aren't I
Let's go to the cinema,	**shall we?**	Sonderfall: Let's … → shall we

Die Paare liegen auf dem Blatt nie direkt nebeneinander oder untereinander. Aussagekarten haben einen Kreis, Tag-Karten ein Quadrat – auch auf der S/W-Kopie erkennbar. Tipp: Auf festeres Papier kopieren, dann scheinen die Karten nicht durch.

Aufgabe 2

Ann: This is your bag, **isn't it?**
Max: You didn't see my keys, **did you?**
Ann: We should hurry, **shouldn't we?**
Max: Your brother will come too, **won't he?**

Intonation: Fällt die Stimme beim Tag, erwartet der Sprecher Zustimmung („Das stimmt doch, oder?"); steigt sie, ist es eine echte Frage. Das kann man gut beim Vorlesen des Dialogs üben.

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